

SENIOR PAPER: YEARS 11,12

Tournament 42, Northern Autumn 2020 (O Level)

O2020 Australian Mathematics Trust

Note: Each contestant is credited with the largest sum of points obtained for three problems.

- 1. Each of the quadratic polynomials P(x), Q(x) and P(x) + Q(x) with real coefficients has a root of multiplicity 2. Is it always the case that the roots are the same? (3 points)
- 2. There are 10 points X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_{10} on a line in that order. Each of the line segments $X_1X_2, X_2X_3, \ldots, X_9X_{10}$ is the base of an isosceles triangle with the angle α opposite each such base. Suppose that all vertices opposite the corresponding bases of the triangles constructed lie on a common semicircle with diameter X_1X_{10} . Find α . (4 points)
- **3.** A positive integer N is a multiple of 2020. All digits of N are different and if any two of them are swapped, the new number is not a multiple of 2020. How many digits can N have? (All numbers are given in base 10). (5 points)
- 4. The sides of a triangle are divided by the angle bisectors into two parts each. Is it always possible to form two triangles from the 6 line segments obtained in this way? (5 points)
- 5. There are 101 coins placed on a circle, each coin weighs 10 or 11 g. Prove that there exists a coin such that the total weight of the k coins to the left of that coin is equal to the total weight of the k coins to the right of that coin if

(a) $k = 50$.	(3 points)
(b) $k = 49.$	(3 points)